

Miller & Rhoads

Formal Spring Opening Continues To-Day and To-Morrow.

Owing to the very inclement weather of the past three days, our Formal Opening will continue during the balance of this week --- To-Day and To-Morrow.

The display of new merchandise will be as attractive as during the earlier days of the week, and plants and fresh cut flowers will lend additional beauty to the store. There's never been such a magnificent display of merchandise in this city such as we have at present on exhibition, and we want every woman in Richmond to see it. Some of the newest things that have come in during the last day or two are:

Children's Box Coats, of Oxford Plaid, sizes 5 to 14 years, \$3.98.

Misses' Box Coats, in Oxford Plaid, sizes 14, 16 and 18, for \$4.98.

Women's All-Wool Homespun and Cream Brilliantine Skirts, \$3.98.

And several other styles in White Waists at 98c—Persian Mull and Lawn—to add to the unequalled assortment we have at that price.

FOR THE LIVING OR FOR THE DEAD

This is the Question the Council
Must Decide Regarding Play-
Grounds.

WILL NOT COST CITY A PENNY

Miss Arents Will Pay for Every-
thing and Give It Back to the
Children.

A question that is of intense interest to all thinking people of Richmond who have its welfare at heart, is whether or not the City Council will allow Miss Grace Arents to purchase the Clark Spring property, owned by the city, for the purpose of furnishing a playground for the young men and boys and girls of Richmond and its suburbs, an up-to-date playground. It is Miss Arents' purpose to place the property in the hands of the St. Andrews Home and to furnish a sum of money sufficient to make the playgrounds as perfect a place of amusement as skill and wealth can develop it.

This great charity which will fill a long-felt want in this community and which should appeal to every serious-minded citizen, is not for the use of one class or one denomination. It is not confined to any one section of the city, but its aim is to open the way of health and honest, clean amusement to every child in the community.

Teach every child, of the size and wealth of Richmond, has furnished at large expense such a pleasure park for the children, but in this city there is no such place and its need is keenly felt.

Will Pay All Costs

Instead of asking the city Council to provide such a playground or to appropriate a sum of money to aid in the work, Miss Arents offers to pay all expenses, and even desires to purchase from the city, property which she will improve and then practically dedicate to the use of the city forever for a playground for children.

There is opposition to the plan on the part of certain members of the Council, who desire to dispose of the property to the Hollywood Association, although Miss Arents offers to meet any bid that any one will make.

It seems to be a question whether or not the City Council will allow Miss Arents to purchase the Clark Spring property, owned by the city, for the purpose of furnishing a playground for the young men and boys and girls of Richmond and its suburbs, an up-to-date playground. It is Miss Arents' purpose to place the property in the hands of the St. Andrews Home and to furnish a sum of money sufficient to make the playgrounds as perfect a place of amusement as skill and wealth can develop it.

City Granted Concession.

At the present time St. Andrews' Home has been allowed by the city to fence in one corner of the Clark Spring property, which is used as a public playground, but which is far too small for the growing demands of the children who flock there to indulge in all manner of games.

The "loaned lot" has been put in fairly good order at a cost of something more than \$100 by Miss Arents, and a football field, a base-ball diamond, a basketball court and a track has been built, and she has also secured a large open space to take care of the boys and girls who desire a playground, but who cannot find such a place within the city limits.

Mr. Scherman, who has charge of the branch of the St. Andrews' work, said on yesterday that the association does not ask the city for a penny.

It is desired to purchase the property at its market value and to then improve

it so that Richmond will have a playground for its children.

"The cost of the work will be paid entirely by the St. Andrews' Home, and the playground will be free to all the children of Richmond and the suburbs. Will Build a Club-House.

If the property is secured, we will at once build a commodious club house with dressing rooms, shower baths, etc., for the use of the children. All sorts of games will be provided and all children will be welcomed.

There will be a caretaker in charge, who will be an officer to keep order, and everything will be done to make the playground a place of health and innocent amusement."

The matter is now in the hands of the members of the City Council, who will say whether they will sell to Hollywood or whether the children of Richmond are to be allowed to accept the offer made by Miss Arents.

MR. RYAN GENEROUS.

Offers to Promote Graded Schools in Nelson County.

Mr. Thomas F. Ryan, the New York millionaire financier, who maintains a splendid estate in his native county of Nelson, has extended many acts of kindness to his people there. He has built roads and made contributions for various purposes. His latest move along this line is to promote an up-to-date graded school near his home.

The last monthly report of Superintendent Henry Tate Harris came into the Department of Education a few days ago, and it contained a memorandum stating that Mr. Ryan had offered to pay the principal and build for him a fine residence, if the board would agree to maintain a first-class graded school in the Lovington District. Mr. Harris further writes: "Of course, the board will accept."

The interest manifested in the welfare of his native county by Mr. Ryan is highly appreciated by the people.

Mr. Ryan visits his home at "Oak Ridge" at frequent intervals, and spends much time there during the summer.

The T. P. A. Convention.

The State convention of the Travelers' Protective Association, which will be held in Richmond on May 12th and 13th, of this city, will entertain the visitors.

Delegates from the State to the national convention are to be chosen at the convention, which is held in May, and it is expected that there will be some lively skirmishing for the honors.

The national convention meets in Buffalo, and there are many who are desirous of attending. Traveling men from all over Virginia will be here and many of them will bring their wives with them.

"Union Seminary Day."

A circular letter has been sent to the pastors of the Presbyterian Synods in Virginia and North Carolina, requesting that next Sunday, the third Sunday in March, be observed as "Union Seminary Day." On that day it is hoped that the pastors of the churches will read a history of the Seminary, and will ask for subscriptions to carry on the work here.

Goat and a Doll As Prizes.

To-night at 8 o'clock there will be an entertainment at the St. Andrews' Home, a musical programme will be rendered. There will be no charge of admission, but a silver dollar will be given to the winner of the proceeds will go to the church fund, and a goat and a doll will be awarded those successful in certain contests the committee or arrangements have gotten up.

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LAWMAKERS HAVE FINISHED WORK

Session of 1906 Ended and Mem-
bers Leave for Their
Homes.

HAD USUAL FORMALITIES

Good Deal of Hilarity is Indulged
in On the House
Side.

The session of the Virginia Legislature of 1906 is now a part of the history of the State, the body having adjourned sine die at 2:29 o'clock P. M., yesterday.

There were but few members in attendance upon either branch, and nothing of interest transpired save the signing of the last bills by the two presiding officers, Mr. Swanson, with several friends, was upon the floor of the House for some time, and the members paid much attention to the party.

Senators in their seats were Messrs. Campbell, Lynn, Harman, T. A. Wickham, Macdonald, Anderson, W. T. Garrett and Mann. Mr. Lynn offered the last main bill petitions on behalf of the people of Fauquier.

Mr. Churman offered a joint resolution in the House, which was concurred in by Senate, and that the committee looking into the matter of alleged tampering with bills in the Legislature had been unable to complete its report prior to adjournment, and asked leave to file a copy of the evidence and report later with the clerks of the two houses.

Must Go to Gallery.

The last official act of Doorkeeper Newhouse was to order all those not entitled to the floor to the galleries, except the ladies.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. Puller, Wilburn and the request of the Joint Auditing Committee on the part of the House. After long waits and lulls in both houses, the last bills were signed by the two presiding officers.

In the meanwhile there was a good deal of "pulling in the House."

Mr. Puller in the House of Colonel Newhouse, offered a resolution calling for the printing of 5,000 copies of the bill establishing a dispensary for the poor, which was recently passed, and it was ordered that Colonel Newhouse of that country.

Mr. Lane was in the chair, and Colonel Lee desired to know how long a lone must be to have a bill passed, he replied, "The gentleman will have to make his inquiry of a longer one than is in this house."

Usual Ceremonies.

When all the business had been completed, the presiding officers named the following committee to wait upon the Governor and inform him that the body was ready to adjourn unless he had some further communication.

House: Messrs. Lee, Gaines, Pullam, Gill and Howie.

Senate: Anderson, Mann, Harman, Garrett and Mendenhall.

They shortly returned and informed that they had no further communication from the Governor, and they then adjourned sine die.

After brief speeches of thanks by the two presiding officers, the uniform courtesies from the members, the General Assembly adjourned at 2:29 o'clock P. M., adjourned sine die.

CARNEGIE LIBRARY.

Mayor Has Not Yet Answered
Letter Confirming Offer.

There are no new developments in the matter of inviting Mr. Andrew Carnegie to erect a library in the city of Richmond. Mayor McCarty has not yet answered the letter of the Carnegie Corporation, which was received on the 10th inst., offering a free public library for this city, but he will do so shortly.

Some of the members of the committee of officials and citizens will be named to visit the Pitt Springs and extend the great and kind invitation to be the guest of Richmond people for a few days. It is believed the old gentleman was much impressed with Richmond, and that he will be very soon returning.

Revival Grows in Interest.

The revival services in the Second Baptist Church continue to grow in interest.

Rev. Dr. W. C. Taylor, of Petersburg, preached a powerful sermon last night to a large congregation. There was one profession of religion.

The services will continue through the week. A large congregation is expected to be present to-night.

Lecture is Postponed.

The lecture which was to have been delivered in Central School last night by Admiral Harlan Webster has been postponed till March 24th on account of the weather.

PRINTERS WIN IN HIGHEST COURT

(Continued From First Page.)

of the courts of the United States and of the highest courts of a majority of the States in the Union, that labor may or may not be employed by a person, and that the law further the interests of the laboring class. They may strike and persuade and induce others to join them, but they may not use force or violence to cause injury to others to whom they have no relation, contractual or otherwise, and the limit permitted by law is passed and they may be restrained.

"In the case at bar, while appellants in their answer practically deny all of the material allegations of the complaint, they admit that by argument and persuasion only they have attempted to get certain of appellants' employees to become members of their union, but that they have not resorted to unlawful methods or to violence or intimidation of such employees. Now when they attempted to cause appellants' employees to become members of their union, they well understood that when such employees became members of that union they necessarily would discontinue their employment with appellants, and they also well understood that the law forbade them to carry persuasion and entreaty to the extent of inducing appellants' employees into becoming members of appellants' union; so that the question here to be determined is, whether the means used by appellants to induce their employment with the appellants to induce the new employees who have taken appellants' places to quit their employment with appellants and to use to induce employment with appellants were unlawful. If the allegations of appellants' bill are sustained by the proof, appellants have unquestionably induced appellants' employees in the conduct of their business, so as to entitle the latter to the injunction restraining them from further use of the means complained of in this molesting and annoying appellants.

Is Not Bribery.

The gravamen of the complaint made by appellants is, that by bribery, intimidation and coercion of their employees by appellants they are being molested, annoyed and irreparably injured in their business. They claim that the bribery charged consists of the payment of weekly benefits and transportation to their new employees by appellants, and the payment directly to one William White, an employee of one of the appellants, the sum of one hundred and forty dollars to leave not only his employment, but the city of Richmond.

"Bribery is not only unlawful, but criminal, and when resorted to with a malicious purpose to injure a third party in his business, property or personal life, it would unquestionably afford ground for an injunction, and appellants, if practiced in such a manner, and to such extent that the party injured, or intended to be injured, could not obtain an adequate remedy at law for his injuries; but we have not been able to find a case which holds that the payment of weekly benefits, transportation, etc., to its members, and that the payment of such a sum of money to a third party, who comes a member of the union he also becomes entitled to these benefits. It seems to have been the rule of the union, as the union itself has been dissolved, and the money, under the circumstances, the equivalent of obtaining money under false pretenses, and in effect so told him. Appellants' bill, as a matter of fact, was not put in force because of this strike. It is, of course, one of the inducements held out to non-members to become members of the union, and it is the rule governing like associations, and it is not unlawful, and it is not a malicious purpose to injure a third party in his business, property or personal life, and we have seen it nowhere questioned that such union or society have the right to make and carry out such a policy, and that the payment of such a sum of money to a third party, who comes a member of such a union he also becomes entitled to these benefits given by the union, and it is not unlawful, and it is not a malicious purpose to injure a third party in his business, property or personal life, and we have seen it nowhere questioned that such union or society have the right to make and carry out such a policy, and that the payment of such a sum of money to a third party, who comes a member of such a union he also becomes entitled to these benefits given by the union, and it is not unlawful, and it is not a 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